NYC Mesh
A community-owned network
“The Internet is for everyone”
Battlemesh v12
NYC Mesh

New York City, United States
~10M people in the area …

But.. almost all copper lines are dead, cable company is bankrupt, and fiber company is a monopoly...

Goals:
- Connect the unconnected
- Provide choice
- Members “know” and understand their path to internet/others
- Offline and Online use at the same time ( more available than online )
- Education / Development / Fun
3 years ago:
2 year ago:
90 nodes online
1.5 supernodes
1 year ago:
143 nodes online
1.5 Supernodes
3 Hubs
Today:
340 nodes online
25 Hubs
2 Supernodes
What can you do with it?

Online - Internet

Gateway nodes to the internet (home or supernode)

Offline - WAN Intranet

Apps can run on homes, nodes, servers.
All IPs can talk to all others. Like a University Campus
Various things in the mesh

- Secure Scuttlebutt (by members)
- DNS Zone (.mesh) from git repo, anycast, several nodes
- chat.mesh (github.com/zgiles/meshchat)
- Logical Map (not yet pub)
- Internal speedtest server, Multi-Gbit speeds (not yet pub)
Work Style:
Many small groups meeting on topics.

Website group
BGP group
Install team groups
Outreach groups
Each neighborhood...
Money..

Pay what you want.
Recommended $20/mo if you use it.
Some pay more / less…

Node owner pays for the equipment ( $100-200 )

DIY Install, or Volunteer-led install

All the above are flexible.
Money..

We received a few grants:

- $30K from ISOC - Beyond the Net.
  - Built SN1, Paid first year. Bought first many antennas..
- $10K from Mozilla WINS Phase I
  - Built “Saratoga” housing project network
Saratoga

Low income housing
Cable is OK, but Phone is mostly dead there. Many people can’t afford net.

Today:
- Touches ~50 buildings, 8 hubs interconnect,
- About 100-150Mbps continuous traffic
Today
NYC Mesh- Network Commons License (v1.0.2)

The Network Commons License is the framework that governs the network commons.

The License

The Network Commons License (NCL) describes the terms and conditions associated with the use of free and open networks, and so enables individuals, communities, companies, governments and other organizations to adopt or support the same.

The NCL is rooted in the following four tenets:

- Participants are free to use the network for any purpose that does not limit the freedom of others to do the same.
- Participants are free to know how the network and its components function.
- Participants are free to offer and accept services on the network on their own terms.
- By joining the free network, you agree to extend the network to others under the same conditions.
Typical install

- Omni only
- Omni + PtMP / PtPs
- PtP + OpenWRT
1. Omnidirectional router
2. Point-to-point router
3. Router mount
4. Ethernet cable connecting routers
5. Ethernet cable to main apartment
6. Ethernet cable to additional apartment
7. Hole in wall or window frame
8. Power over Ethernet injector
9. Indoor router
10. Device
Today:

∼48 are Omni-enabled
Dual Mode:

Some people say we look like an ISP. Some people say we look like a mesh.

By having elements of both “style” we can be very open and enable members to self-grow the network, and connect between the city “valleys”.
Omni-directional

Why Omni-direction?

- We know it’s not the best….
- We switched to a new router model: better performance, better price, more ports, access point, so free short-range omni-mesh…
- Creates a base coverage layer across an area to fill-in between nodes.

=> 1-2 hops over Omnis then to a PtP.
Omni-directional

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MAC Address</th>
<th>Interface</th>
<th>Uptime</th>
<th>AP</th>
<th>WDS</th>
<th>Activity (s)</th>
<th>Signal Strength (dBm)</th>
<th>Tx Rate</th>
<th>Rx Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CE:2D:E0:52:B1:98</td>
<td>wlan3</td>
<td>19:15:14</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>0.390</td>
<td>-55/-56</td>
<td>390Mbps-80MHz/2S/SC</td>
<td>240Mbps-40MHz/2S/SGI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Very reasonable speeds at a few blocks distance.

802.11ac helps by varying speed for different clients.
Omni-directional

Block associations can build based on Omnis
What protocol do we use?

We mostly use OSPF.

Why? We Want:

- A standard supported widely so we can vary the hardware (open).
- Neighbor Discovery (obviously)
- Scalable

We see this as “more open” than some of the custom protocols because we have no lock-in on OS, Brand, Implementation, etc.

(We also have ~30 nodes on BMX6, and ~30 nodes on BGP)
What hardware do we use?

All hardware.

Mikrotik: ~5 models
Ubnt: ~8 models
Mimosa: ~2 models
OpenWRT: ~5 models (not a brand, but ... )

+ Computers, Switches (various brands)... whatever
Public Network

We run a public ASN (AS395853)
Open peering policy
Connect also to DE-CIX NY
Five local ISPs donate BGP Full table transit.

Why?
- Neutral network for our members.
- Cheap/Free transit
- Being part of the internet / autonomous

Spans two of our Supernodes
Supernode 1

Old telephone building, now a datacenter
171 meters tall
We lease rack space and roof space

Features:
- Exchange connection; Public exit
- Servers for network tools, dashboards, etc.
- 7 antennas
- VPN entry
- RIPE Probe

Around 500Mbps in/out daily high
Supernode 3

Old shipyard; now industrial and datacenter
50 meters tall
We lease rack space and roof space

Features:
- 40Gbit net donation
- Servers for network tools, dashboards, etc.
- 3 big poles for antennas
- 2x10G to the roof
- Community server colocation
- VPN entry
- RIPE Probe
Supernode 3 - Community Colo

Members may host a server at the Supernode

Pay what you want ~$50/U/mo
No commercial use.
NYC Mesh Line of Sight tool
https://los.nycmesh.net

https://github.com/nycmeshnet/line-of-sight
NYC Mesh 3D Map (WIP)

https://nycmesh.net/map3d

Still rough, but idea is:

- show the map in 3D
- no longer use Google Earth,
- use LOS tool and then show the path for review
  - zoom to where the obstruction is... etc
Config Generator

https://configgen.nycmesh.net
Installations
Installations