

<h1>MirageOS</h1>

Unikernels in OCaml

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OCaml

<https://ocaml.org/>

A functional, statically typed, general purpose, expressive,
garbage-collected, programming language (also with objects)

```
# let square x = x * x
val square : int -> int = < fun >
# square 3
- : int = 9
# let rec fac x =
if x <= 1 then 1 else x * fac (x - 1)
val fac : int -> int = < fun >
# fac 5
- : int = 120
# square 120
- : int = 14400
```

<h3>The MirageOS project</h3>

The MirageOS project is mainly 3 things:

- An ecosystem
- A tool
- Multiple ABIs

Used to deploy Unikernels

- Specialized machine image
- Library operating system
- Deployed to cloud or ecosystem

<h3>Your MirageOS project</h3>

```
mirage/ mirage-tcpip  ocaml-git      mrmime      bechamel
 / colombe           duff          ocaml-base64 ocaml-x509
 / digestif          encore        ocaml-hex    happy-eyeballs
 / decompress        docteur       ke           ocaml-pgp
 / mirage-crypto     paf-le-chien ocaml-rpc    prometheus
 / ocaml-cohttp      irmin         conan        ocaml-cstruct
 / ocaml-matrix      docteur       eqaf         bloomf
 / ocaml-tls         optint        ca-certs-nss ...
```

```
module Make (_ : _) ... = struct
  let start _ ... : unit Lwt.t =
    my_super_application ()
end
```



Kernel Virtualization Machine



Xen



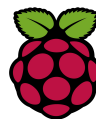
VIRTual Input Output



SeCure COMpuTing mode



Raspberry PI 4



Muen



UNIX

<h3>3 degrees of freedom</h3>

- Let the user build their own service
- Choose which **implementation** will be used to concretize required devices by your application
- Choose which target you want to **deploy** you application to

<h3>A *device*</h3>

A *device* is a **specification** (an OCaml module signature) which can **interact** with a physical components of a computer. It can be:

```
module type KV = sig
  type t
  type key and value

  val read : t -> key -> value Lwt.t
  val write : t -> key -> value -> unit Lwt.t
end
```

A KV-store like a file-system

```
module type FLOW = sig
  type t

  val read : t -> bytes -> [ `Eof | `Data of int ] Lwt.t
  val write : t -> string -> unit Lwt.t
  val close : t -> unit Lwt.t
end
```

An *ongoing* connection with a peer

```
module type CLOCK = sig
  type t

  val now : t -> int64 Lwt.t
end
```

A clock

```
module type CONSOLE = sig
  type t

  val log : ('a, Format.formatter, unit, unit Lwt.t) format4 -> 'a
end
```

A console to *print* messages

<h3>A ^{higher} *implementation* from _{lower} *devices*</h3>

An implementation which **provides** a *device* (a **specification**) can require multiple *devices*:

```
module Make_LITTLEFS : KV =  
  functor (Block : BLOCK) ->  
  functor (Posix_clock : PCLOCK) ->  
  struct ... end
```

```
module Make_TCPIP : FLOW =  
  functor (Time : TIME) ->  
  functor (Random : RANDOM) ->  
  functor (Netif : NETIF) ->  
  functor (Ethernet : ETHERNET) ->  
  functor (Arp : ARP) ->  
  functor (Ip : IP) ->  
  functor (Monotonic_clock : MCLOCK) ->  
  struct ... end
```

```
module Make_TLS : FLOW =  
  functor (Flow : FLOW) ->  
  struct ... end
```

<h3>A ^{higher} *implementation* from _{lower} *devices*</h3>

An implementation which **provides** a *device* (a **specification**) can require multiple *devices*:

```
module Make_LITTLEFS : KV =  
  functor (Block : BLOCK) ->  
  functor (Posix_clock : PCLOCK) ->  
  struct ... end
```

```
module Make_TCPIP : FLOW =  
  functor (Time : TIME) ->  
  functor (Random : RANDOM) ->  
  functor (Netif : NETIF) ->  
  functor (Ethernet : ETHERNET) ->  
  functor (Arp : ARP) ->  
  functor (Ip : IP) ->  
  functor (Monotonic_clock : MCLOCK) ->  
  struct ... end
```

```
module Make_TLS : FLOW =  
  functor (Flow : FLOW) ->  
  struct ... end
```

unikernel.ml

```
module Make  
  (Console : CONSOLE)  
  (Flow : FLOW)  
  (Store : KV) = struct  
  let start console flow store =  
    my_super_application console flow store  
  end
```


<h3>Resolve & Compose everything</h3>

opam tries to solve all requirements of devices.

Functoria composes implementations/devices from the given solution.

```
module Make
  (Console : CONSOLE)
  (Flow : FLOW)
  (Store : KV) = struct
  let start_console flow store =
    my_super_application console flow store
  end
```

unikernel.ml

```
let unikernel =
  foreign "Unikernel.Make"
    (console @-> flow @-> kv @-> job)

let my_flow = with_tls tcpip_flow

let () =
  register "my_super_application"
    [ unikernel $ default_console $ my_flow $
      littlefs ]
```

config.ml



As a resolver

```
name: "my_super_application"
depends: [
  "mirage-console-target"
  "mirage-crypto-rng-mirage"
  "mirage-mclock-target"
  "mirage-pclock-target"
  "mirage-block-target"
  "mirage-time-lwt"
  "mirage-netif-target"
  "mirage-tcpip"
  "ocaml-tls"
  "littlefs"
]
```

my_super_application.opam

```
module Console = Mirage_console_target
module Random = Mirage_crypto_rng
module Monotonic_clock = Mirage_monotonic_clock_target
module Posix_clock = Mirage_posix_clock_target
module Block = Mirage_block_target
module Time = Mirage_time_lwt
module Netif = Mirage_netif
```

```
module My_ethernet = Make_ETHERNET(...)
module My_ARP = Make_ARP(...)
module My_IP = Make_IP(...)
module My_TCPIP = Make_TCPIP
  (Time)
  (Random)
  (Netif)
  (My_ethernet)
  (My_ARP) (My_IP)
  (Monotonic_clock)
module My_flow = Make_TLS(TCPIP_Flow)
module My_KV = Make_LITTLEFS(Block)(Posix_clock)

include Make (Console) (My_flow) (My_KV)

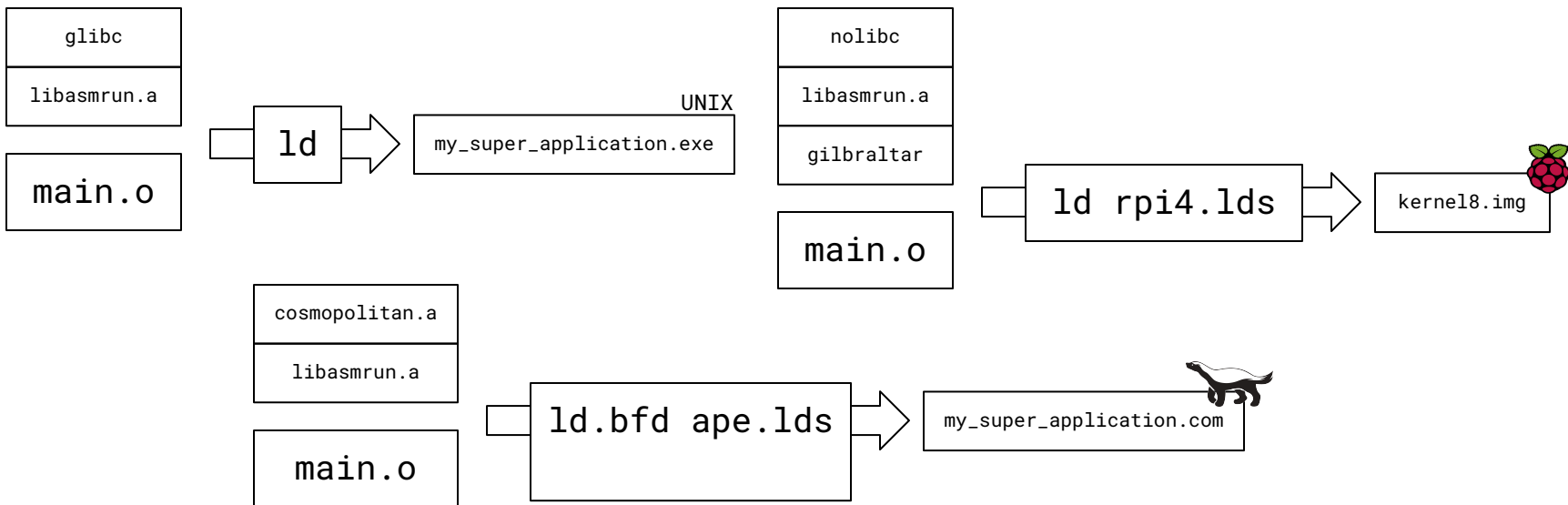
let () =
  let console = Console.connect () in
  let random = Random.connect () in
  let mclock = Monotonic_clock.connect () in
  let pclock = Posix_clock.connect () in
  let block = Block.connect () in
  ...
  let littlefs = My_KV.connect block pclock in
  ... start_console my_flow littlefs
```

main.ml

A target

A *target* is an ABI defined by:

- An **object** which provides few *functions/syscalls* to interact with the system and the **caml runtime** (a *micro-kernel* or a *startup object* file)
- A **link script** to well-craft the final artifact (to an OS, an executable, etc.)
- A *toolchain* as a **coherent** context to build the final artifact

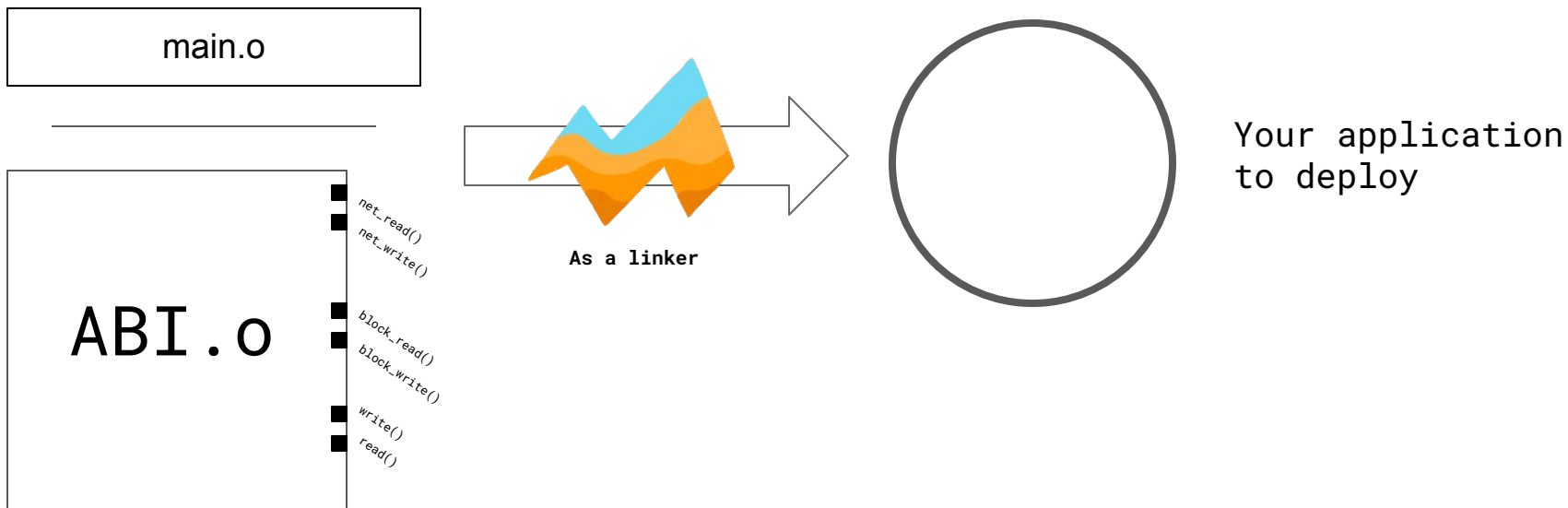


Craft everything(?)

Follow instructions to craft your application with the chosen ABI.

(the chosen ABI **implements** final and concrete functions to interact with your computer)

Link everything into your final artifact!



<h3>The mirage tool</h3>

mirage/	mirage-tcpip	ocaml-git	mrmime	bechamel
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/	mirage-crypto	paf-le-chien	ocaml-rpc	prometheus
/	ocaml-cohttp	irmin	conan	ocaml-cstruct
/	ocaml-matrix	docteur	eqaf	bloomf
/	ocaml-tls	optint	ca-certs-nss	...

```
module Make (_ : _) ... = struct
  let start _ ... : unit Lwt.t =
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end
```

As a resolver



As a compiler

As a linker

Kernel Virtualization Machine



Xen



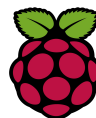
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Raspberry PI 4



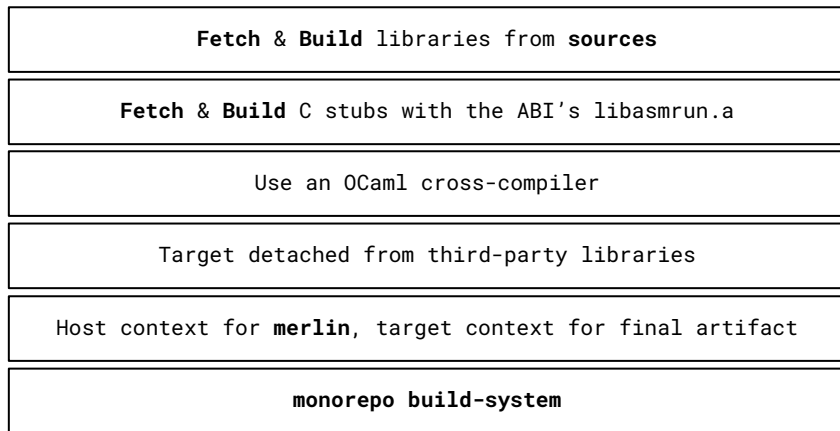
Muen



UNIX

<h3>A coherent tool / A coherent context</h3>

Coherent context for the **user**, the **libraries** and the **ABIs**.



MirageOS 4

<h3>Applications</h3>

<https://github.com/roburio/dns-primary-git>

<https://github.com/roburio/dns-letsencrypt-secondary>

<https://github.com/yomimono/url-shortener>

<https://github.com/renatoalencar/ocaml-socks-client>

<https://github.com/roburio/tlstunnel>

<https://github.com/dinosaure/cri>

<https://github.com/palainp/mirage-sshfs>

<https://github.com/mirage/qubes-mirage-firewall>

<https://github.com/roburio/unipi> : static website from a Git repository

<https://github.com/dinosaure/contruno> : a TLS termination proxy

<https://github.com/mirage/dns-resolver> : a DNS resolver that only trusts root servers

<https://github.com/dinosaure/ptt> : a full SMTP stack

A case for MirageOS and community networks?

Self-hosted, secure and simple services

PHP, Java, Bash no more!

Easy to deploy, restart